Cambridge
O Level

## MATHEMATICS (SYLLABUS D)

4024/12
Paper 1
May/June 2018
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 80

## Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.
Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2018 series for most Cambridge IGCSE ${ }^{T M}$, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

PUBLISHED

## Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

## GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:
Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).
GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:
Marks must be awarded positively:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:
Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

## GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:
Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

## Abbreviations

| cao | correct answer only |
| :--- | :--- |
| dep | dependent |
| FT | follow through after error |
| isw | ignore subsequent working |
| oe | or equivalent |
| SC | Special Case |
| nfww | not from wrong working |
| soi | seen or implied |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a) | $\frac{6}{77}$ | 1 |  |
| 1(b) | [0]. 0099 | 1 |  |
| 2(a) | 25 cao | 1 |  |
| 2(b) | 40 cao | 1 |  |
| 2(c) | $5: 6: 16$ oe | 1 |  |
| 3(a) | $\begin{array}{ccccc}-1.2 & -0.3 & 0.05 & 0.2 & 1.3\end{array}$ | 1 |  |
| 3(b)(i) | 0.01 oe | 1 |  |
| 3(b)(ii) | 2.5 oe | 1 |  |
| 4 | 360 | 2 | B1 for $k=90$ if $y=\frac{k}{x^{2}}$ used or M1 for $10 \times 3^{2}=y \times\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}$ oe or FTM1 for $y=\frac{\text { their } k}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}}$ |
| 5(a) | $(5 t-2)(5 t+2)$ final answer | 1 |  |
| 5(b) | $(x-6)(x-3 y)$ final answer | 2 | B1 for a correct partial factorisation e.g. $[-] 6(x-3 y)$ or $x(x-3 y)$ or $x(x-6)$ or $[-] 3(x y-6 y)$, etc. |
| 6(a) | 63.5 | 1 |  |
| 6(b) | 200[.0] | 1 |  |


| Question | Answer |  | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 7 (a) |  |  | Partial Marks |
|  |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14(a) | 3600 | 2 | M1 for $180 \times(22-2)$ oe or $\left(180-\frac{360}{22}\right) \times 22$ oe |
| 14(b) | 163 | 2 | M1 for $2 \times 170+20 x=$ their 3600 or for (their $3600-2 \times 170) \div 20$ oe |
| 15(a) | (6) nfww | 2 | B1 for 76 seen or for 70 seen or M1 for <br> $(30 \times 1.2+20 \times 2)-(40 \times-0.5+30 \times 3)$ oe |
| 15(b) | Difference in profit between Week 1 and Week 2 oe | 1 |  |
| 16(a) | Correct completion of the curve | 1 |  |
| 16(b)(i) | 1.7 | 1 |  |
| 16(b)(ii) | 1.3 | 1 |  |
| 16(b)(iii) | 75 | 2 | B1 for 125 seen or SC1 for answer 74 or 76 |
| 17(a) | Correct net | 2 | B1 for one correct triangle in correct position |
| 17(b) | 36 nfww | 2 | M1 for area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 4 \text { or } \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 5 \text { soi }$ |
| 18 | Correct region shaded bounded by $\begin{aligned} & x=2, x=8, y=5, y=10 \text { and } \\ & x+y=10 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | B1 for line $x+y=10$ <br> B1 for at least three correct lines from $x=2$, $x=8, y=5, y=10$ |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19(a) | Acceptable perpendicular bisector of $A B$ | 1 |  |
| 19(b)(i) | Arc, centre $C$, radius 7 cm | 1 |  |
| 19(b)(ii) | Bisector of angle $B A C$ | 1 |  |
| 19(c) | $P_{1}$ and $P_{2}$ marked at intersections of their (a) with (b)(i) and (b)(ii) | 1 | dependent on correct types of loci in (b). |
| 20(a)(i) | $1.4 \times 10^{11}$ cao | 1 |  |
| 20(a)(ii) | $5 \times 10^{-9}$ cao | 2 | B1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 10^{-8}$ seen or $0.5 \times 10^{-8}$ seen or 0.000000005 seen |
| 20(b) | 5 | 1 |  |
| 21(a) | 71 | 1 |  |
| 21(b) | $\begin{aligned} & {[p=] 2} \\ & {[q=] 1} \end{aligned}$ | 1 | Both correct |
| 21(c) | $\begin{aligned} & A=2 \\ & B=4 \\ & C=1 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | B1 for two correct <br> or for $(n+1)^{2}=n^{2}+2 n+1$ <br> or for $\begin{gathered} (n+\text { their } q)^{2}=n^{2}+2 n(\text { their } q)+(\text { their } q)^{2} \\ A+B+C=7 \end{gathered}$ <br> or M1 for $4 A+2 B+C=17$ <br> $9 A+3 B+C=31$ |
| 22(a) | 106 | 1 |  |
| 22(b) | 127 | 1 |  |
| 22(c) | 59 | 1 |  |
| 22(d) | 31 | 1 | FT 90 - their (c) |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23(a) | $\left(\begin{array}{ll}-2 & -1 \\ -4 & -2\end{array}\right)$ | 2 | B1 for two or three correct elements or M1 for $\left(\begin{array}{ll}6 & -3 \\ 0 & -2\end{array}\right)-2\left(\begin{array}{rr}4 & -1 \\ 2 & 0\end{array}\right)$ oe or $\mathbf{S C 1}$ for answer $\left(\begin{array}{ll}2 & 1 \\ 4 & 2\end{array}\right)$ |
| 23(b) | $\frac{1}{2}\left(\begin{array}{rr}0 & 1 \\ -2 & 4\end{array}\right)$ or $\left(\begin{array}{rr}0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ -1 & 2\end{array}\right)$ oe | 3 | B2 for $k\left(\begin{array}{rr}0 & 1 \\ -2 & 4\end{array}\right)$ oe with $k \neq \frac{1}{2}$ or for $\frac{1}{2}($. . . $)$ oe or for 3 or 4 correct elements in $\left(\begin{array}{rr}0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ -1 & 2\end{array}\right)$ seen or $\mathbf{M} \mathbf{1}$ for $\mathbf{Y}=\mathbf{A}^{-\mathbf{1}}$; or for $\mathbf{Y}=\mathbf{A}^{-\mathbf{1}}\left(\begin{array}{ll}1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1\end{array}\right)$ or for determinant of $\mathbf{A}=2$ <br> or B1 for $\left(\begin{array}{rr}4 & -1 \\ 2 & 0\end{array}\right)\left(\begin{array}{ll}a & b \\ c & d\end{array}\right)=\left(\begin{array}{cc}4 a-c & 4 b-d \\ 2 a & 2 b\end{array}\right)$ |
| 24(a) | 2 | 1 |  |
| 24(b) | Triangle with vertices $(5,-1),(8,-1),(8,1)$ | 2 | B1 for two correct vertices, soi or M1 for a line joining $(10,-4)$ to a vertex of triangle B. |
| 24(c) | $\binom{5}{-1}$ | 1 |  |
| 25(a) | $\frac{u}{10}$ | 1 |  |
| 25(b) | $\frac{u}{2}$ | 1 |  |
| 25(c) | $55 u$ | 2 | M1 for attempt to find a relevant area under the graph, soi by $50 u$ or $5 u$ or $60 u$ |

